[THURSDAY, *June* 13, 1771.] THE [NUMB. 1484.]

NEW-YORK GENERAL JOURNAL; OR, THE ADVERTISER.

Containing the freſheſt ADVICES, *both* FOREIGN *and* DOMESTIC

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, ON HUNTER'S-QUAY, ROTTON-ROW.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Buſhel	7s. 9d.	Beef per Barrel	48s. od.
Flour——	20s. od.	Pork	80s. od.
Brown Bread	20s. od.	Salt	2s. od.
Weſt-India Rum	3s. 6d.	Bohea Tea	5s. 3d.
New-England ditto	2s. 3d.	Chocol. per Doz.	20s. od.
Muſcovado Sugar	53s. 0ds.	Bees Wax	1s. 9d.
Single refin'd ditto	1s. od.	Nut Wood	32s. od.
Molaſſes	1s. 1½d.	Oak ditto	20s. od.

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S RISING and SETTING, till Thurſday next.

☾'s *Age.*	*High Water.*	*rifes* ☉ H. M.	*ſets* ☉ H.
THURSDAY 1	10	after 4 32	before 8
FRIDAY 2	11	4 32	8
SATURDAY 3	12	4 32	8
SUNDAY 4	1	4 31	8
MONDAY 5	1	4 31	8
TUESDAY 6	2	4 31	8
WEDNESDAY ☽	3	4 31	8

First qu. Wednesday next. 11 Morn.

Days 14 Hours 58 Min. the 13th.

For BRISTOL,
IMMEDIATELY,
The SHIP *ELLIN*,
JOHN CLARK, MASTER,
At Cruger's Wharf.

For Freight or Paſſage, apply to ſaid Maſter on board.

New-York, June 6th, 1771. 83 86

JUST IMPORTED,
In the Ship Ellin, from Briſtol, and to be ſold by
JOHN HARRIS CRUGER,
NAILS, GLASS, PIPES, and SHOT of every Size; RUGS and BLANKETS of different Kinds, and LOAF SUGAR. 83 86

For LONDON,
The SHIP
NEW-YORK,
CORNELIUS HAIGHT, Maſter;

HAS the greateſt Part of the Cargo ready to go on board, has good Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will be diſpatched Wind and Weather permitting, the 12th Inſtant: For Freight or Paſſage, apply to John, Thomas, and Samuel Franklin, or the Maſter on board, lying at Murray's Wharf.

New-York, June 4. 1771.

Raccoon Skins and Deer Leather,
SOLD by
JOHN THURMAN, Jun.
The Corner of Smith-Street, in Wall-Street, At the Earl of Chatham;
ALSO,
A neat Aſſortment of India and European Goods, Ribbons, Millinary and Silks, as uſual.
Jamaica Spirits and Muſcovado Sugar. 83 86

TO BE LET,

A Mill in the Province of New-Jerſey, about a Mile above Brunſwick, upon Rariton River, at a Place called the Landing. This Mill is ſituated in the Heart of a fine Wheat-Country, and is ſupplied with Water to grind in the drieſt of Times, and the Flour may be ſent to New-York without any Land Carriage.

Alſo to be let, ſundry Houſes and Lots of Land, and a Store Houſe at the Landing aforeſaid; and a Houſe and Lot of Land in Prince-Town; alſo a good Houſe and two large Lots of Land at South-River.

All Perſons in the Province aforeſaid, indebted to the Eſtate of the Honourable Joſeph Reade, late of this City, deceaſed, by Bond or otherwiſe, are deſired to pay the ſame to the Subſcribers; and any Perſon inclining to hire the ſaid Mill, or either of the Houſes, or ſaid Lots of Land, are deſired to apply to the Subſcribers, who will agree for the ſame.

ANN READE, Executrix.
83 86 JOHN READE, Executor.

Five Pounds Reward,

RUN AWAY from the Subſcriber living in Fluſhing on Long-Iſland, a Lad of about 14 or 16 Years of Age, named THOMAS FARRINGTON, (ſuppoſed to be inticed away by his Brother Daniel Farrington); he is of a middling fair Complexion with lightiſh brown Hair; had on when he went away, a wool Hat with a Button and Loop, a brown homeſpun Coat, a Linen Veſt, Velvet Breeches, and a Pair of Shoes above half worn. Whoever takes up ſaid Lad and returns him to his Maſter, ſhall be intitled to the above Reward, and all reaſonable Charges paid by

June 3. MATTHEW FRANKLIN.

N. B. He took with him a red and white Dog, partly of the Hound Breed. 83 86

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be ſold at the Printing-Office on Hunter's-Quay, Rotton-Row,

A
SECOND DEFENCE
OF THE
EPISCOPAL GOVERNMENT
OF THE
CHURCH,
CONTAINING
REMARKS

On the Objections advanced by Mr. *Noah Welles*, againſt the Church of England; in a Piece, entitled, *A Vindication of the Validity, and divine Right of Preſbyterian Ordination.*

By JEREMIAH LEAMING, A. M.
Miſſionary at Norwalk, from the Society, for the Propagation of the Goſpel in foreign Parts.

Alſo juſt publiſhed,
And to be ſold at the ſame Place,
A Pamphlet containing,
A COLLECTON
Of remarkable
SPEECHES
IN
PARLIAMENT,
On the Commitment of
THE LORD MAYOR OF LONDON
AND
ALDERMAN OLIVER,
TO THE
TOWER,

Together with ſeveral Pieces on the ſame Subject on both Sides the Queſtion, the Opinion of ſome eminent Lawyers on the Caſe, ſome Proceedings thereon of the Common Council of London, with the Recorder's Speech, &c. As theſe Speeches and Writings are very remarkable, and upon a Subject extremely intereſting to every Engliſhman; as they give us a clear and diſtinct View of the reſpective Rights of the People, and of each Branch of the Legiſlature, and therefore ought to be often read, well underſtood, and carefully preſerved, as determining a moſt important Point, and as a laſting Monument of one of the moſt violent and dangerous Attacks ever made upon our glorious Conſtitution, with the moſt noble, vigorous and effectual Defence of it; many of our Cuſtomers and others, in order to preſerve theſe valuable Pieces entire, and free from the Mixture of other Matters, and to avoid the Trouble of ſearching for them as they lie ſcatter'd thro' ſeveral News Papers, have encouraged the Printer to make the Collection; and it is not doubted will encourage the Sale ſo as to prevent his being a loſer by the Work.

TO BE SOLD,
In Lots of about 12 or 1300 Acres,

A Tract of land containing 16000 acres, on the north ſide of the Mohawk's River, in the patent of Kayaderoſeras, in the county of Albany. This tract was ſold only a few weeks ago by the commiſſioners, for defraying the charges of partition of the ſaid patent, and is well known to be extraordinary good land; it nearly adjoins the patent of Schenectady, the nigheſt part being not above 6, and the fartheſt not more than 13 miles from the Borough-Town, to which there is a good waggon-road, and where there is almoſt as good and ready a market for all ſorts of grain as in the city of New-York; the city of Albany is alſo within 20 miles from the centre of the ſaid tract: It may therefore be juſtly ſaid that there are no new lands in this colony more advantageouſly ſituated, and if they could have been ſold ſo late as about a dozen years ago, would in all probability have been as well ſettled and as valuable as other lands in their neighbourhood, of which ſome at this day would ſell for upwards of 25 l. per acre. This tract has alſo the advantage of a ſmall lake near the centre of it, which abounds with certain kind of fiſh and wild fowl. Such perſons therefore as are diſpoſed to remove from old and worn out farms, to fertile, rich, new lands, which will abundantly compenſate the labour and pains they may chooſe to beſtow on them, and afford a comfortable ſubſiſtence for themſelves and family; will pleaſe ſpeedily to apply to us the ſubſcribers, to whom the ſaid tract is conveyed in truſt to be ſold for the benefit of the proprietors, and they may agree on very reaſonable terms with

BENJAMIN KISSAM,
New-York, May 16, 1771. DIRCK LEFFERTS,
CORNELIUS CLOPPER,
83 86 ISAAC LOW.

ANY Perſon wanting a Houſe-keeper, able and willing to undergo what is neceſſary to give a Family Satisfaction, is requited to apply to the Printer hereof, who is informed by good Authority, that the Perſon propoſed has kept a good Houſe for herſelf, and is very able to take Care of a Family. 82 83

WHEREAS Altye Sloan, Wife of the Subſcriber, (Houſe Carpenter in New-York) has in many Reſpects miſbehaved, and without any juſt Cauſe eloped from me, waſting and embezling my Subſtance: And as I have juſt Cauſe to apprehend ſhe will endeavour to run me in Debt, Theſe are therefore to warn all Perſons not to truſt or entertain her on my Account, as I will pay no Debt of her contracting ſince her Elopement. This 6th June 1771.

83 86 JAMES SLOAN.

WHEREAS James Sloan, of this City, Houſe Carpenter, by and with the Advice of ſome diſſolute Perſons like himſelf, hath thought proper to advertiſe me his Wife for abſconding from him, ſhe takes this Method to inform the Public, that ſhe neither has embezzled his Subſtance, nor eloped from him, he having turned her out of Doors, and has beat and abuſed her often Times, which ſhe thinks is ſufficient Cauſe to abandon ſuch an inſolent Perſon as he is, and that ſhe will not run him in Debt, nor pay any for him. (84 86) ALTYE SLOAN.

MARSEILLES, *March* 5.

BY a letter from St. John d'Acre we learn, that Syria is like to become the theatre of a deſtructive war. Ali Bey who has taken on himſelf the title of Sultan of Egypt, the Cheik Daer, and the Emir of the Druſes having united to oblige the Pacha, on the approach of their combined army, returned from Jaffa, after having pillaged all the inhabitants (except the Franks) of every thing valuable; which has ſo alienated the affections of all the inhabitants of that vaſt province, that the people of Jaffa and Jeruſalem have waited on Ali Bey with the keys of their reſpective cities.

Ali Bey has his eye alſo on the province of Yeman. Some travellers, lately arrived from Cairo, inform us, that he gives as a reaſon for his preſent conqueſts, that, as the Grand Signior, according to ſome Turkiſh prophecies, will be driven from his poſſeſſions in Europe, it will be proper that he ſhould find an aſylum in Arabia.

Copenhagen, March 5. It is ſaid, that the Jeſuits are employing every artifice in order to get their order re-admitted in France; and that they have found means to inſinuate themſelves into the good graces of the Counteſs de Barry, from which they conceive great hopes of ſucceſs.

Verſailles, March 6. The different provinces of France, over which the new Tribunals, called ſuperior Councils, have lately been appointed by the King, have reſpectively remonſtrated againſt that procedure with the utmoſt ſpirit, recognized declarations made in former reigns, and peremptorily aſſerted that the late Edict was abſolutely ſubverſive of private and public good, and preſented to the people no other than that of the moſt enſlaving deſpotiſm.

LONDON,

April 1. A late Utrecht Gazette has the following paragraph: "We are aſſured that the difference ſubſiſting between their Britannic and Pruſſian Majeſties, relative to the debt due to the latter ever ſince the laſt war, is at length amicably ſettled, upon conſideration of the former having agreed to pay the King of Pruſſia the ſum of 10,000l. ſterling per annum."

When the Lord Mayor ſtepped into his chariot, in order to be conducted to the Tower, he was accoſted by a foreign Gentleman, who paid his Lordſhip an elegant compliment in the Latin language, which concluded with the following words taken from Horace: *Juſtum et tenacem propoſiti virum, non vultus inſtantis Tyranni mente quatit Solida.* His Lordſhip made a very polite anſwer in the ſame language, and concluded with a ſentence from the ſame author: *Si fractus illabatur orbis impavidum ferient ruinæ.*

Conſidering the Laws and conſtitution, as well as the ſpirit of the nation, it is in the opinion of ſome people, wonderful that the liberty of this country ſhould ever be in danger.—On the other hand, when we conſider the unlimited power of a miniſter of State, at the head of the Treaſury, the great number of Placemen and Penſioners, annual and occaſional Mercenaries, &c. &c. it is rather a matter of ſurpriſe that we have any liberty at all.

The affair of the raſure of the proceedings from the Rota Book of the Lord Mayor, has greatly diſſatisfied many perſons of conſequence in the City,

being looked on as an obſtruction to the common courſe of Juſtice. It remains, however, to be ſeen, whether the Publiſhers will not prefer their Bill for an aſſault to the next Grand Jury at Guildhall, who are always previouſly ſworn to do juſtice in every matter that ſhall on oath and proper evidence be brought before them.

Extract of a letter from Honiton.

"With regard to our worthy Member, the Lord Mayor, ſhould he be expelled for his noble behaviour, you may, and I deſire you will, be ſo kind as to aſſure him, that there is not the leaſt doubt of his being re choſen, in oppoſition to every miniſterial influence, aided by the whole weight of the Exchequer. I aſſure you I have made it my buſineſs to feel the pulſe of the whole town. We in general wiſh that government would not make ſuch large ſtrides on our Liberties as they do; but you may depend on it, ſhould my Lord Mayor be expelled, he certainly will be re-choſen, and without any expence or coſt to himſelf. You know in general the connections I have in the Borough. I will exert all my influence, all my intereſt, in his behalf; and doubt not in the leaſt he will be ſupported by the Town, and be reported triumphantly. I have only to add, we have caught the flame, and rejoice in the proſpect of ſetting the example to every Borough in England, of Freedom and Independency. Your's, W. J."

The Turkey or Levant Company have preſented a Petition to a great Aſſembly, and recommended by his Majeſty, complaining of the great decay of the trade, and particularly ſince the commencement of the war between the Turks and Ruſſians, that they are annually at the expence in the payment of Conſuls, Vice Conſuls, &c. of 10,000l. which they are unable to ſupport, and deſiring the aid of Parliament, which is to be taken into conſideration.

A Frenchman, who has juſt arrived here from Paris, ſays, it is inconceivable the different change a few days has produced among all ranks of people in that capital; numbers of the Nobility, and others, who held offices under the Crown, have reſigned, and retired to their country ſeats, to enjoy a private life; and thoſe that kept fourteen or fifteen ſervants, now keep but three or four; and it is ſuppoſed there is now in Paris two or three thouſand of that fraternity out of place, which, with the Tradeſmen continually breaking, and murders and robberies every night in the ſtreets, renders that lately gay place a chaos of miſery and deſpair. But hear the other ſide, in the following

Extract of a letter from Paris, March 7.

"The people begin to reſume their ſpirits. The wiſdom and equity diffuſed through the Edict for the eſtabliſhment of the Sovereign Courts, the ſuppreſſion of the Judges fees, and the conciſe and expeditious manner of deciding litigious affairs without altering the eſtabliſhed laws, do honour to his Majeſty's reign: And the new code of laws of M. Maupeon confer not leſs honour on the Author.

"At preſent, by the new regulation, every thing is rendered plain; God grant that it may laſt, and be executed according to its intention."

April 4. The benefits ariſing to this country from its trade with Portugal have been diminiſhed a full tenth ſince the date of the Family Compact. From that æra France has ſupplied Spain with the goods ſhe uſually had from hence, which the former is enabled to furniſh at a cheaper rate than they can be had from England, and for the ſame reaſon the Portugueſe have been glad to take a ſurplus off the hands of their neighbours.

April 5. Yeſterday Sir William Stephenſon, Sir Charles Aſgill, Mr. Alderman Turner, Mr. Alderman Wilkes, and ſeveral of the Common Council, dined at the Paul's Head Tavern in Cateaton-ſtreet: after which they ſat in the old Council Chamber at Guildhall, to conſider what is beſt to be done at this alarming juncture of affairs.

April 7. The Tower has not been ſo much frequented as of late, ſince the difference between the Citizens and Henry the VIIIth.

We hear a Great Lady has declared her intention to quit England, and never to return.

It is ſaid that Sir Peter Dennis is appointed Commander in chief of the fleet deſtined for the Mediterranean; and that Vice Admiral Pye ſucceeds him in the command of his Majeſty's ſhips at Chatham.

On Saturday laſt an order was ſent by expreſs to Portſmouth, from the Admiralty, to ſtop the ſailing of the tranſports, on board of which the troops were embarked. They had received their ſailing orders, and were waiting for a fair wind to put to ſea; but on the arrival of this expreſs, were obliged immediately to put back again.—It is ſaid that ſome circumſtances have ſince happened, which makes it expedient to add a reinforcement.

A certain Admiral lately ſailed for the eaſtern part of the globe, it is ſaid will not want employ at his arrival in thoſe parts, ſeeing the wary Mynheers have got the ſtart at leaſt a fortnight's fair wind in their favour. This political movement has already made ſome wry faces in Leadenhall-ſtreet, and all hopes of ſucceeding in ſpices are at an end.

April 8. On the 20th of March, 1771, the Houſe of Commons ordered, "That no other proſecution, ſuit, or proceedings, be commenced, or carried on, for or on account of the pretended aſſault or falſe impriſonment of John Miller."

On the 11th of April, 1771, Mr. Alderman Wilkes himſelf delivered into the Court of Quarter Seſſions of the Peace at Guildhall, the two recognizances, together with thoſe of John Wheble and Edward Twine Carpenter, relative to the late Proclamation, and another for a felony committed by Sarah Ferrand.

Mr. Alderman Wilkes ſat all Saturday at the Manſion Houſe by the Lord Mayor's deſire, that the courſe of Juſtice might not be impeded on account of his confinement.

The Eaſt-India expedition is ſuſpended, and it is believed will be totally laid aſide. It was to Balambangan. When our Miniſters reſolved upon making a ſettlement there, they had no knowledge of a proteſt, which the Court of Spain made againſt the deſign, and which proteſt lay amongſt the papers of the Eaſt-India Company, till Governor Pownall called upon them publickly, by moving, that it ſhould be laid before Parliament. This circumſtance, it ſeems, has ſo alarmed and frightened them, that they have laid aſide the expedition, after putting the nation to great expence in equipping it.

April 9. Yeſterday, being the firſt day of the Quarter Seſſions at Guildhall, there being no Locum Tenens, the Court was opened by the Recorder, Sir William Stephenſon, Mr. Alderman Peers, and Mr. Alderman Wilkes, the only Magiſtrates preſent. They proceeded to ſwear in the Grand Jury, who yeſterday afternoon found bills of indictment againſt W. Whitham, the Meſſenger of the Houſe of Commons, for aſſaulting and taking into cuſtody, John Miller, printer; and againſt E. Twine Carpenter, for aſſaulting and ſeizing the body of J. Wheble, without lawful authority.

The Recorder yeſterday, at Guildhall, in ſumming up to the Jury the arguments relate to the finding of the bill againſt Whitham, the meſſenger, concluded with adviſing them to find a ſpecial verdict, becauſe the proof and deciſion of the whole cauſe muſt depend on a point of law. On which Mr. Alderman Townſend immediately got up, and aſked,——"Well, Mr. Recorder, and who is to judge of this point of law, and this verdict? the Judge or the Jury?"—The Recorder ſat down without ſpeaking a word.

A correſpondent ſays, we ſhall now ſee whether any Court of Juſtice dare put a ſtop to the law, and tell us plainly that we are ſlaves. If any of them refuſes to take cognizance of the affair, and ſubmit it to a Jury, we are undone; we have no further inheritance in the law.

April 11. The ſupplies for the year are to be raiſed, it is ſaid in the following manner: By 30,000 lottery tickets, at 13l. each.—By this method 650,000l. will be raiſed, 500,000l. of which is to be diſtributed into prizes, 691,977l. remaining in the Exchequer, which has ariſen from reſerves impoſing on the ſinking fund is to be applied towards the ſupplies for 1771; as is alſo 1650,000l. out of ſuch money as may ariſe from the ſaid fund. 400,000l. which is to be paid by the Eaſt-India Company. 89,658l. the ſurplus on grants; 20,000l. out of the money granted for maintaining the forces and plantations in America; and alſo the money ariſing from the duties on gum arabic, gum ſenega, &c. are likewiſe to be applied to the ſame purpoſe.

Mr. Cornwall objected to raiſe the ſupplies by way of Lottery, unleſs a clauſe was inſerted reſtricting the members of that houſe from receiving any number of tickets from the miniſtry by way of douceur for paſt or future ſervices. He alſo expreſſed a wiſh *(in vain)* that the diſſolution of that aſſembly might ſpeedily take place.

April 15. The Public may be aſſured, that the Primier, in order to ſhew his entire Independence on the City, and to ſet it at defiance, has not given one lottery ticket this year to the monied men in the city, or brokers, at firſt hand.—They are all diſpoſed of already among his own friends, from whom the brokers are ſupplied by retail.

After the navy has been reviewed by his Majeſty, and paraded round Spithead, with muſic playing, guns firing, flags flying, &c. all the ſhips are to be diſtributed among the ſeveral ſea ports of this kingdom—to rot, until the next Spaniſh encroachments rouſe them from their lethargy.

Sir George Bridges Rodney is to have a fleet of twelve ſail of the line witn him to Jamaica, which are to be ready to ſail by the 12th of May next. The Barfleur will be the Admiral's ſhip and not the Princeſs Amelia as mentioned.

Mr. Alderman Oliver and his brother Mr. Thomas Oliver, beſides all their other public ſubſcriptions and expences, have contributed one tenth part of all the money which has been publickly ſubſcribed for Mr. Wilkes. The expences of Shrievalty amount to a ſum not leſs than 1400l. even when Sheriffs are prudent; for the two colleagues in that office make but one Sheriff, and are bound for each other. Sheriffs are bound to have enough of property in the county for which they ſerve to anſwer the King and his People. Add to theſe conſiderations that Mr. Wilkes's Colleague will be anſwerable in his perſon and fortune for all the acts Mr. Wilkes may chooſe as Sheriff to perform. It is ſaid the county of Middleſex will ſhortly be aſſembled on this occaſion, in order to demand from Mr. Wilkes what public benefit he thinks will ariſe from his preſent attempt: And to inſtruct him as their Repreſentative not to betray their cauſe, and plunge himſelf into freſh difficulties and needleſs enormous expences, to anſwer no public purpoſe whatever.

April 16. *They write from Leghorn, that when the Poſt left Conſtantinople an inſurrection was beginning in that city, on account of the great ſucceſs of Ali Bey againſt the Turkiſh army in Egypt and Syria.*

From a ſtate of the navy, ſaid to be a very exact one, it appears that there are 220 men of war from firſt to ſixth rates; 96 ſloops, bombs, fire ſhips, armed ſchooners, yachts, and cutters; 19 ſhips on the ſtocks or repairing.

Mr. Wilkes has declared his reſolution to be Sheriff next year for the City of London and County of Middleſex; and attended a meeting of the Common Council of his own Ward on Friday night to propoſe it to them. All his friends have repreſented to him the evil conſequences of this ſtep without being able to prevail upon him to deſiſt. The County of Middleſex think themſelves particularly ill treated, becauſe their cauſe is deſerted by him whom they have ſo generouſly and nobly ſupported; for ſhould Luttrell vacate his ſeat when Mr. Wilkes is Sheriff, the county will be betrayed; and the grand queſtion of the right of election left undecided.

The Lord Mayor and Mr. Alderman Oliver intend to have themſelves brought by Habeas Corpus before the Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas, in the courſe of the preſent Term, in order to have the opinions of all the Judges concerning the legality of their impriſonment.

The Lottery for the preſent year is at leaſt ten per cent. more diſadvantageous than any that has yet been, even that of the laſt year's.

A young Nobleman is ſaid to have loſt at New-market Races, the moiety of a fine eſtate, which was preſented to him, about a year ſince, by a near relation.

On Tueſday a man, ſaid to be a Soldier, wrote with chalk on the back-door of the Manſion Houſe, "The wrath of the King is like the roaring of a lion, and he that provoketh him ſinneth againſt his own ſoul." A great croud gathered round took offence at the ſcrawl, rolled the writer in the kennel, and afterwards ducked him in the Thames.

According to private letters from Madrid, orders had juſt been given for a conſiderable body of land forces to be embarked at Cadiz for Manilla, where a ſquadron of ſix Spaniſh men of war of the line are to be conſtantly ſtationed.

It is confidently ſaid, a ſtop will ſhortly be put to the exportation of all kinds of military ſtores (except thoſe on the government account) to North-America or the Weſt-Indies.

The Committee for conducting the buſineſs relative to the Lord Mayor and Mr. Alderman Oliver, have obtained another Habeas Corpus to carry thoſe Gentlemen to-morrow before the Court of King's Bench, to obtain their diſcharge.

April 20. Prince Gallitzen, the Ruſſian Miniſter at the Hague, has received a letter from Count Romanzow, dated March 13, giving an account of having taken the town and fortreſs of Guirgiu, on the Danube, which was defended obſtinately by 10,000 Turks, and covered by two intrenchments, from both of which they were driven, with the loſs of 4000 men killed; after which the remainder retired to the caſtle for ſeveral days, when a magazine of powder blowing up, the remainder, amounting to about 2000, on account of the want of proviſions, were ſuffered to join the main body of their army. Sixty-two pieces of braſs cannon, two mortars, and a vaſt quantity of warlike ſtores, were likewiſe taken. The Ruſſians had only 400 killed, and 100 wounded; amongſt the latter, the Generals Gottenheim and Moſſino, and Col. Count Natali.

There has been no ſhock, no miſunderſtanding at St. James; the K— will not give way; Lord North is firm and acceptable to him, his Conduct is approved of and has met with applauſe and grateful acknowledgment. No change was dreamt of—none will happen. The meaſures of Government, though moderate, are determined and unalterable; Thoſe of oppoſition have left ſuch a ſtigma of folly and brutality on their names, that to admit them into office would add contempt and diſgrace to ruin.

We hear from Venice, that the third Ruſſian fleet is arrived in the Archipelago, under the command of Admiral Arf.

April 19. They write from Paris, that there is not a day paſſes without numbers being taken up; ſince the baniſhment of the Parliaments no leſs than 19000 perſons have been arreſted for no other crime than ſpeaking rather freely in behalf of that body, againſt the King, ſo that the priſons are quite full: And what renders it ſtill more melancholy is, that there are not judges to try them, that they may be diſmiſſed or puniſhed. Trade is quite at a ſtand. A young Clergyman has been taken into cuſtody for writing a letter to his friend, in which he deſcribed the ſituation of the city, and foretold what he thought would be the conſequence, which letter was intercepted. The Court of Aiders have remonſtrated twice to the King, but he will return no anſwer.

Yeſterday, about one o'clock, Serjeant Glynn made a motion in the Court of Common Pleas, for an habeas corpora to remove the bodies of the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor and Alderman Oliver out of the Tower; in which he was ſeconded by Serjeant Jephſon.

After the affidavit and the letter of commitment had been read, the Lord Chief Juſtice granted the habeas corpora.

When Lord North opened the budget on Wedneſday, he took a view of the preſent ſtate of affairs, both foreign and domeſtic; laughed at the late riots, and all mobs; cenſured the late petitions and remonſtrances; and blamed the ten gentlemen who divided the Houſe twenty-three times upon a queſtion reſpecting the privilege of their own Houſe.

Neither the Primier, nor any of his friends, returned anſwers to the many weighty objections made uſe of by ſeveral members to the contents of the budget. After he had

opened it, he threw himself back in his seat, in his usual manner, with his arms across, and the rest of the Treasury Bench imitated him, secure in the knowledge of the number of their votes.

From the Virginia Gazette just come to Hand, we have the following Intelligence, viz.

WILLIAMSBURG, May 30.

By letters from Orange County, in North-Carolina, we learn that Gover. Tryon and the Regulators met on the 16th of this Month The Regulators were assembled to the Number of 12 or 1500 Men; and their two Chiefs, Husbands and Hunter, had a Conference with the Governor, who allowed them two Hours to lay down their Arms and repair to their respective Homes, otherwise he should treat them as Rebels. The Time being very near expired, and nothing done on the Part of the Regulators, and the Governor finding, by their Motions, that they were determined to give him Battle, in which Case he should have to cope with almost three to one, his Party not consisting of more than five Hundred Men, a few Minutes before the Expiration of the Time his Excellency gave Directions for his little Army to open to the right and left and uncover the Artillery, which they did in the utmost good Order, and immediately poured in upon the Regulators a most dreadful Fire from their Cannon and Musketry, which did great Execution, there not being above fifty Yards Distance between the two Parties; and killed, it is, said, to the Amount of a Hundred and fifty Men. Although the Regulators were thrown into the greatest Confusion, they returned the Governor's Fire, killing seven of his Men, and wounded about forty. Near a Hundred of the Regulators are taken Prisoners.

We have not been able to learn what has happened since the Battle; but it is said the two Chiefs of the Regulators had sent a Challenge to the Governor to fight him and his Party that Day fe'nnight.

NEW-YORK, JUNE 13.

On Monday arrived the Ship Grace, Capt. Chambers, in 3 Weeks and two Days from Bristol, on the Passage he spoke the following Vessels, viz. May 27th, Lat. 34. 39. Lon. 36. 13. the Brig Nancy, James Slaymaker, 13 Days from Maryland, bound to Madeira; June 7th, Lat. 38. 16. a Brig from New-London, for Hispaniola, with Horses.

The Ship Severn, Capt. James Hathorn, and the Ship York, Capt. Jones, were to sail in about a Month after Capt. Chambers.

We hear that at the late Fire in the House of Mrs. Wright, tho' most of the Wax-Work, to a large Amount, was destroyed, yet she was so fortunate as to save the curious Pieces of the Rev. Mr. Whitefield, the Pennsylvania Farmer, and several others, which she still continues to exhibit, and we hear intends to repair the Loss sustain'd by the Fire as soon as possible, by making some curious new Pieces.

Extract of a Letter from Kingston, in Jamaica, April 10, 1771.

The 18th of March last, was tried and convicted at a Court of Oyer and Terminer, held here, Capt. Zachary Day, for the Murder of Samuel Long, his Boatswain, on the high Seas, near the Island of Cuba; and on the Day following, in the same Court was convicted, Thomas Bell, late Chief Mate of a Sloop belonging to Montego Bay, for piratically robbing and plundering a Spanish Schooner, near Cuba of 14 000 Dollars —This is the Person who was concerned with Captain Yarr, in October last, in the above mentioned Piracy; they were convicted upon the Testimony of some of their Vessel's Crew whom they had turned adrift at Sea (to the number of twelve, in the Spanish Schooner, after they had robbed her) without Water or Provisions, but who fortunately arrived here a few Days afterwards. Day was executed the 23th Day of March, and Bell the First of April; the Former had taken a Quantity of Laudanum, in Rum, and was very much intoxicated, tho' he had, with Bell, taken the Sacrament the Day before. The Latter died very penitent.

The Public are caution'd to be careful how they receive New-York Money Bills of the late Emission (Feb. 1771) as it appears that every Denomination of the said Bills, have been counterfeited: We have not yet had an Opportunity to note and describe the Marks of Distinction between the true and counterfeit Bills of each Value, but in general it may be observed that the true Bills are printed with Printing Types, the Counterfeits with Copper-plate, the Letters of which are disproportion'd in Size and Shape, and stand irregularly, easily discernable by nice Inspection. In the counterfeit Ten Shilling Bills, after the Words Ten Shillings, in the Body of the Bill, there is no Point or Stop, whereas in the true One's there is a Full point.

For the Safety of Vessels coming into and going to Sea from the Port of New-York—The Master and Wardens of the said Port, did last Week place a large Can Buoy on the South West Spit of the East Bank, in eighteen Feet Water at low Water, bearing from the Light-House on Sandy-Hook —N. W. and by W. half W. and from the Bluff of Staten-Island, making the Narrows S. half East. Vessels going down must keep in 5 Fathom Water, till they open the Buoy with the Point of Sandy-Hook, which will clear them of the Spit.—They find that the first of the Flood sets about E. W. and by W. for two Hours, and is apt to draw Vessels over upon the West-Bank.

The Day after placing the Buoy, a Boat going down, was seen to run directly upon it, supposed intentionally to destroy it.——If any person will discover the Boatman to the Master and Wardens, that was so wickedly bent, on injuring the Mark set to prevent Vessels running into Danger, so that he may be punished, will receive the Thanks of the said Master and Wardens.

[The *Impartialist* coming this Week a little too late, will be in our next.]

☞ The Printer having found it necessary to discharge from his Service Philip House, the late Carrier of this Paper, requests all his Customers (especially those who have lately removed) who have not received their Papers regularly, to let him know, and the present Places of their abode.

Custom-House, New-York, Inward Entries.

Ship Britannia, T. Miller, from London; Hopewell, W. Fullerton, Dublin; Grace, W. Chambers, Bristol. Brig Helena, T. Harriot, Madeira; Ranger, D. Shaw, Misquito Shore; Tobago, J. Scott, Grenades; Lord Camden, R. Elder, Hispaniola. Sloop Mary Ann, J. Gilbert, Turks-Island; Charles Town, W. Wheiton, St. Martins. Schooner Polly, A. Engler, Jamaica; Neptune, N. Cooke, Jun. Rhode-Island.

OUTWARD. Ship Britannia, T. Miller, for London; Ellin, J. Clark; and Grace, W. Chambers, Bristol. Brig Rebecca, W Bayley, Hispaniola; Friendship, T. Wallace, Jamaica. Sloop St. George, R. Kempton, New Orleans; Fancy, E. Gilbert, Bermuda; Mary, J. Kain, Dominica; Lark, N. Bonamy, New-Providence; Three Brothers, D. Hegeman, North-Carolina; Nesher, W. Lounds, St. Croix. Schooner Polly, T. Davison, Corsica.

CLEARED. Ship Earl of Dunmore, E. Lawrence, to London. Brig Conway, T. Kennedy, Barbados; Africa, G. Hay, Madeira. Sloop Three Friends, J. Darrell, Coracoa; Arabella, J. Thompson, Jamaica; Charming Polly, T. Standley, Rhode-Island; John and Elisabeth, T. Sanders, St. Christophers. Schooner Dolphin, D. Harrison, St. Augustine; Nancy, J. Harkies, Philadelphia; Wray-Gally, J. Phillipson, Virginia; Polly, T. Williams, Coracoa; Polly, S. Green, New-Providence.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY next the 18th Instant, will be sold at PUBLIC VENDUE, at 11 o'Clock in the Forenoon, on the Bridge at the Coffee-House,

Several Hundred BAGS,

In Lots of 50 each

New-York, 13th June, 1771. 84 84

For BRISTOL,

The SHIP

GRACE,

William Chambers, Commander,

Lying near the Ferry Stairs, will sail with all convenient Speed.——For Freight or Passage, apply to Greg, Cunningham, and Co. Theophilact Bache, or the Master. 84 87

TO BE LET,

THE Quarter Part of a Distill-House, Stills, Worms, and Tubs, with a Lot of Ground adjoining, which will make it as convenient for Yard Room as any in the City, lying near Ferry-Street, with which it has a Communication: For further Particulars inquire of the Printer. 84 87

WALTER FRANKLIN, and Co.

Have just imported in the Earl of Dunmore, and other Ships from London, and the Ellin, from Bristol, a large Assortment of Goods, which they will sell on the lowest Terms, for Cash or the usual Credit, at their Store, which is kept at Walter Franklin's new House, above Peck's-Slip, among which are,

RUSSIA and Ravens sail cloth
Ticklenburgh and osnaburgh
An assortment of linens
Russia drabs
Flanders bed ticks
Broad cloths
Wiltons
Sagathies
Duroys
Camblets, plain stript and figur'd
Rattinets
Shalloons
Callimancoes
Durants
Tammies
Irish camblets
Poplins
Grazets
Silvarets
Misslinets
Breeches pieces
Worsted hose
Mens and womens cotton and thread do.
Womens white cloth, colour'd and purple mitts and gloves
An assortment of callicoes and chintzes
India and English taffaties
Black, colour'd and stript Persians
Bandanoes and other silk handkerchiefs
Printed linen do.
Black and white lace
Cambricks and lawns
Russia diaper
Diaper and damask table cloths
Black and cloth coloured sattin peelongs
An assortment of checks
Silk Damascus and burdets
Chipt hats
Nankeens
An assortment of ribbons
Womes fans
Sewing silk
Blank books
Testaments and spelling books
With an assortment of cutlery, Buttons, silk and hair twist, Pins, needles, &c. pepper, Shot, and bar lead

Also, one pair of 4 feet 2 inches, one pair of 4 do. } Burr mill-stones,

which are recommended for the very best sort, and are to be sold, one for £ 65, the other £. 60 a Pair. 84 87

HENRY VAN VLECK,

Has just imported in the Britannia, Capt. Thomas Miller, from London, and in several other Vessels from Europe;

A Neat and general Assortment of GOODS suitable for the Season, to be sold on very reasonable Terms, at his Store in Dock-Street, between the Coenties and Slip-Markets. 84 87

SAMUEL TUDER,

Has removed from Broad-Street, into the House Capt. Shouls lived in, next Door but one to James Jauncey's, Esq; and has imported by the Ship New-York, Capt. Haight, from London, a neat and general Assortment of GROCERIES, which he will dispose of on the most reasonable Terms, either wholesale or retail, amongst which are the following Articles;

FINE hyson, Southong and Bohea } Teas
Best coffee and chocolate
English double and single refin'd } Sugar
American single refin'd, lump, and muscovado } Sugar
Jar raisins and currants
Almonds in the shell
Jordan do.
Peal Barley
Fine oat meal
Carraway and annis seeds
Prunes and best Turkey figs
Spices of all kinds
Black and Cayenne pepper
The finest of Durham mustard in large and small quantities
Cheshire and Gloucester } Cheese
Ben. Kenton's best bottled porter
A great variety of the best English sweet-meats
West-India ditto
Best playing cards
Florence oil by the case or bottle
Tobacco
Rappee and Scotch snuff
Best velvet corks
Tin glass
Olives, anchovies and capers
Best French indigo
Also a great variety of confectionary

He has also for sale, the best Madeira, red port, sweet, Teneriffe and Lisbon wines, by the pipe, quarter cask, or in bottles, also claret, spirits and West-India rum, best Coniac Brandy, Batavia arrack, French liquors, Geneva, silvers spermaceti candles, rice, castile soap, &c. &c. &c.

TO BE LET,

A Convenient Dwelling House, situate in Chapel-Street, wherein Joshua Levy, Tallow-Chandler lately lived, it is two Stories high, and contains two Rooms on a Floor, with a Fire Place in each, adjoining there is a large Yard, out Houses and Stable: For further Particulars, apply to DANIEL GOMEZ, living at Burling's-Slip, who will agree on reasonable Terms. 84 87

SAMUEL HAKE,

Has just imported in the New-York, Capt. Lawrence, and the last Ships from London and Bristol, which are opening at his Store, the lower End of Wall-Street, and will be sold on the most reasonable Terms,

A large and general Assortment

of European and East-India Goods,

Amongst which are in particular,

A Great variety of Elegant chintzes
Callicoes, cottons
Chintz furniture
Copper plate cotton ditto
India tassaties, Persians
Lutestrings, sattins
Peelongs, modes
Persians
Book and jaconet muslin
Gauzes, catguts
Paris net
Rich Bath and Brussels laces
Brown and white stick fans
Childrens red Morocco shoes
Gold and silver basket buttons
Blond laces
Mignionet ditto
Ribbons of all sorts
Nankeens, drillings, jeans
Fustians, thickset, burdets
White and brown Russia sheeting
Ravens duck
English sail cloth
Wilton carpets
Very elegant Axminster ditto
Fine and common chip hats
A large assortment of superfine, second, middling and coarse BROAD CLOTHS
German serges
Forrest cloths, &c.

Likewise, Powder and shot, London and Bristol pewter; best G B wool cards, mace, cloves, nutmegs, pepper, writing paper, sealing wax, wafers; bibles, psalters, primmers, Dillworth's spelling books, gilt trunks in nests, and a general assortment of IRONMONGERY, &c. &c. 84 87

Just imported, per Capt. Lawrence and Miller, from London, and to be sold very reasonable, for Cash or short Credit,

By ROBERT G. LIVINGSTON, Jun.

At his Store in Dock-Street, next Door to Messrs. Hugh and Alexander Wallace's, near the Coffee-House

A Large assortment of handsome callicoes
India and English chintzes
Cottons, and cottons for bed furniture
India chintz for bed sprees and window curtains
Silk Damascus and burdets
Ginghams
Nankeens, Holland stripe
White and brown thread
Mens, womens, girls and boys hose
White and colour'd, ribb'd and plain mens silk hose
Womens purple and white lamb and kid gloves and mits
Womens and girls white thread gloves and mits
Womens black worsted gloves
Womens black and white silk gloves
Black and yellow peelong sattin
Figured and plain mode
Broad and narrow Persians
Taffaty, sarsnet
Plain and striped lutestrings
Durapes
Plain, striped and check'd jaconet muslin
Book muslins, clear lawn
Cambrick, ¼ and yd. wide lawn
Pittol lawn
Jaconet and book muslin handkerchiefs
Gauze handkerchiefs and aprons
Chintz handkerchiefs, romals
Taffity and Barcelona handkerchiefs
Kenting handkerchiefs
Black Barcelona fring'd cravats
RIBBONS of all colours
Love Ribbon
Ferrets, shoe, coat, and quality binding
Black and white lace
White thread lace
Minionet, blond and Dutch lace
Fringe, gimp, cat gut trimming
Faggot, and brocaded faggot
Garland trimming,
Ditto with tinsel
Stamped sarsnet
Ermin trimming
Cotton, darning and marking threads
Rattinets, shalloons, durants and tammies
Flower'd russel
Striped Denmark stuffs
Camblet and striped cambleteens
Irish camblets
Broad cloths, naps
Forrest cloths
Bath rug, flannels
Sewing silk, scarf twist
Worsted and scarf basket buttons
Thickfets, everlasting, garters
Irish sheeting, and Irish linen
Brown and white Russia drilling
Raven's duck, Silesias,
Dowlas, garlix
Princes linen, clouting diaper
Rolls of diaper for tabling
Table cloths
Ivory and commott fans
Dutch and Scotch osnaburgs
Green, blue and crimson harriteens
Chipt hats, Pins and needles
Manchester and Genoa velvet
Velvet shapes, umbrellas
Plain and sprig'd, dress'd and undress gauze
Paris net, Patna chintz
Huckaback, pillow tick
Scarlet, silk and worsted cord
Childrens Morocco shoes and pumps
Buckram, glazed linen
Furniture and other checks
Bobbins, tapes, writing paper
Nutmegs, mace, and cloves
Hair seating for chairs, &c.

ALSO,

Knives and forks, carving ditto, oyster knives, cutteau and pen knives, scissars, &c.

Likewise.—An assortment of glass, amongst which are, decanters from one pint to two gallons, neat cut salts on high feet, tumblers, cut glass plates for fruit, fashionable cut bowls for sallad; and a variety of other articles, too tedious to mention. 84 87

The following Articles, to be sold very cheap, at wholesale or retail, by

ABRAHAM DELANOY, Jun.

At his House in the main Street, between Burling's-Slip and the Fly-Market, opposite Mr Brevoort's Store of Tin Ware, and next Door to Dr. Bard Jun. viz.

OLD Madeira, Teneriff and sweet wines, claret, wine bitters; Jamaica spirits and Antigua rum, brandy, Geneva, molasses; vinegar, sweet oil, raisins, currants and figs, citron, sugar candy, sugar almonds and do. in the shell, prunes and prunelloes; TEAS and SPICES of all Sorts, best CHOCOLATE and COFFEE; double and single refin'd loaf sugar, best and low priced muscovado sugars; rice, black and Cayenne pepper, Durham and New-York flour mustard, fine salt and allum, castile soap, snuff, pipes; pickles in cags fit for exportation, a small quantity of quinee, peach and Holland plumb sweet meats, fresh imported, Cheshire and Gloucestershire cheese; paper, quills, ink and ink powder, sealing wax and wafers; best White Chapel needles, Scotch threads, and pins, empty twelve bottle cases, &c. &c. &c. most kinds of PAINTING done as usual, at reasonable rates.

To be sold for Eight Pounds,

TWENTY-three Months of the Time of an indented Servant Woman, named Hannah Scott. Inquire of Samuel Bayard, opposite the Old English Church. 84 87

POET'S CORNER.

SWEET Solitude! when Life's gay Hours are paſt,
Howe'er we range, in thee we fix at laſt:
T'oſt thro' tempeſtuous Seas (the Voyage o'er)
Pale, we look back, and bleſs the friendly Shore:
Our own ſtrict Judges, our paſt Life we ſcan,
And aſk if Virtue has enlarg'd the Span:
If bright the Proſpect, we the Grave defy,
Truſt future Ages and contented die.

WHEREAS the Co-partnerſhip of Mary Stanton and Dorothy Buck diſſolv'd the 1ſt of June—theſe are to deſire all Perſons that have any Demands on them, to bring in their Accounts that the Company Accounts may be finally ſettled, and to requeſt all thoſe that are indebted to them, to diſcharge the ſame without further Trouble.

The Buſineſs carried on as uſual, by Mary Stanton; likewiſe a genteel Aſſortment of Millinary and other Goods, which ſhe will ſell on the moſt reaſonable Terms. 83 86

NOTICE is hereby given, to all Perſons that are indebted to the Corporation of Trinity-Church, in this City, for Ground Rent now due and in Arrear on their ſeveral Leaſes, that unleſs they pay the ſame on or before the firſt Day of July next, to Mr. *Adrian Renbudet*, (who is appointed to collect and receive the ſaid Rents) they will be proſecuted without further Notice.

(82 85) LAMBERT MOORE, Clk.

THOMAS FRANKLIN, Jun.

Has for Sale at his Store, between Burling's and Beekman's-Slipt,

A GENERAL aſſortment of goods, imported by the New-York, Capt. Haight, from London, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms, for caſh or ſhort credit. He has alſo for ſale, new rice, molaſſes, New-York and Weſt-India rum, Jamaica ſpirits, ſugars; Engliſh cordage of all ſizes, from ſix thread ratling to ſix inches, ſome hawſers of 5, 6, and 7 inches, cables of 8, 9, and 10 inches; French burr milliſtones, &c. which he will alſo ſell on the loweſt terms. New-York, May 29th. 82 85

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of James Holmes, deceaſed, late of this City, are deſired to pay their Accounts immediately, or they will be ſued without further Notice.

ASHER HOLMES, }
82 85 ELISHA LAWRENCE, } Adminiſtrators.

To be Sold, at public Vendue,

ON Friday the 14th Day of June next, at the Merchant's Coffee-Houſe, five Lots or Parcels of Ground, with the Liberty of paſturing Cattle, in a Street 14 Feet and a half broad, ſituate at Brookland-Ferry, oppoſite the City of New-York, in King's Country, on Naſſau-Iſland, and lying above and adjoining to the Houſe and Lot of Ground, now, or late, in the Tenure of Iſrael Horſfield, junior; on one of which Lots, there is a good large Barn. Theſe Lots command a Proſpect of the City of New-York, the Eaſt-River, and Part of the Bay, and are very commodious for Gentlemen to build ſmall Seats on, or for Gardeners, or Butchers. The Sale will begin between 11 and 12 o'Clock in the Morning; the Title indiſputable; if any Perſons incline to purchaſe before the Day of Sale, they may apply to CHARLES MORSE, Attorney at Law, and Conveyancer, &c. next to the Quakers Meeting Houſe, in Crown-Street,

Where his Office will be continued during the enſuing Year; at which all Sorts of Deeds, Conveyances and Inſtruments in Writing will be drawn, with the greateſt Secrecy, Accuracy, and Diſpatch, as uſual. 82 85

THE Drawing of the Free-Bridge-Lottery, over Harlaem-River, which was adverti ſed and appointed to begin the 29th of May, Inſtant, being neceſſarily prevented by the Abſence of the Managers (who are obliged to attend the Supreme Court at that Time) will nevertheleſs be delay'd no longer than till they can give the neceſſary Attendance preparatory to it, which is propoſed in a ſhort Time; after which, the Drawing will immediately commence, the Proprietors, rather than there ſhould be any further Delay, intending themſelves to ſtand the Chance of the unſold Tickets, tho' the Number on Hand is greater than they would chooſe, and muſt be a conſiderable Drawback upon the Benefit propoſed by the Lottery. They therefore humbly hope, from the Generoſity of the Public a ready Sale for the Tickets ſtill on Hand on Conſideration of the great Expence they the ſaid Proprietors have been at, in erecting and at their own Expence without any private Emolument, maintaining for near 14 Years, a free Bridge over the ſaid River, ſtopping thereby an arbitrary Tax upon Paſſengers, that would in the Time have amounted to ſeveral Thouſand Pounds.

There are few if any Inſtances of private Perſons who have performed Works of equal Utility to the Public, without a public Compenſation, at leaſt ſufficient to reimburſe their Expence; yet ſo hard has been the Caſe of the Subſcribers, that all their Endeavours to that Purpoſe, aſſiſted by many Friends and public-ſpirited Gentlemen who have intereſted themſelves in their Behalf have been by ſome Means or other counteracted and fruſtrated, ſo that they are left entirely without Redreſs, except from the Profits that may ariſe on the Sale of Tickets in this Lottery: Relying therefore on the Generoſity of the Public, they hope the Hardneſs of their Caſe will be an Inducement to all benevolent People to purchaſe, before the Time of drawing, all the Tickets remaining unſold, eſpecially as the Purchaſers will have a good Chance of a much greater proportionable Advantage to themſelves, than the Subſcribers (who have expended all their Fortunes in this Work) can have by the Sale of the whole Number of Tickets.

New-York, 18th May 1771. (82 84) *Jacob Deyckman, John Vermilie.*

WENT a-drif laſt Tueſday Night, a Ship's Long Boat, the under part of her bottom is paid with Spaniſh brown and tar, and the upper part with clear turpentine, and a ſmall piece broke out of her ſtern. Whoever takes up the ſaid boat, and will return her to Capt. Cornelius Haight immediately, ſhall be paid all reaſonable charges. 82 85

To all Perſons intereſted in the ſeveral Lots or Parcels of Land herein after mentioned.

WHEREAS his late Majeſty King William the third by letters patent under the great ſeal of the province of New-York, bearing date the ſecond day of June, in the year of our Lord, 1688, did give, grant, ratify, and confirm, to Maria Van Ranſelaer, Hendrick Van Neſſe, Gerritt Tuniſſen, and Jacobus Van Cortlandt, in fee ſimple, All that tract of land with its appurtenances, ſituate, lying and being above Albany, on both ſides of a certain creek, called Hoſſack, beginning at the bounds of Schackoock, and from thence extending to the ſaid creek, to a certain fall called Quequick; and from the ſaid fall upwards along the creek, to a certain place called Nachawickquaack, being in breadth on each ſide of the ſaid creek, two Engliſh miles, that is to ſay, two Engliſh miles on the one ſide of the ſaid creek, and two Engliſh miles on the other ſide of the ſaid creek, the whole breadth being four Engliſh miles, and is in length from the bounds of Schackoock aforeſaid, to the ſaid place, called Nachawickquaack. And whereas alſo, the ſaid tract of land has ſince been divided and laid into lots by John R. Bleecker, a Surveyor; eight of which ſeveral lots, viz. Lots number ſixteen and ſeventeen, fifty-eight, fifty-nine, thirty-five, thirty-ſeven, forty, and thirteen, are bounded as follows, to wit, Lots number ſixteen and ſeventeen, lying on the weſt ſide of Hoſack River; and beginning at a mark'd white oak tree, ſtanding on the weſt bank of ſaid river, about fifteen chains below the lower end of the Slap Flats, and runs from ſaid marked tree ſouth, ſeventy-nine degrees and thirty minutes, weſt one hundred and ſeventy-one chains, then ſouth two degrees and thirty minutes, weſt eighty-ſeven chains and eighty links, then north ſeventy-nine degrees and thirty minutes eaſt of the ſaid river, then down along the ſaid river to the place where it begun; contains one thouſand three hundred and forty-eight acres and three rods, including the low land.

Lot number fifty-nine, lying on the weſt ſide of Hoſick river, and begins at a marked white oak tree, ſtanding on the bank of ſaid river in the northeaſt corner of lot number ſeventeen, and runs from ſaid tree ſouth ſeventy-nine degrees and thirty minutes, weſt one hundred and ſeventy-one chains, then north eight degrees, weſt fifty chains, then north ſeventy-five degrees eaſt to the ſaid river, then ſouthwardly up along the ſaid river, to the place were it begun; contains one thouſand and one hundred and ſeventy-four acres and three rod of land.

Lot number fifty-eight, lying on the weſt ſide of Hoſick River, and begins on the bank of the ſaid river, by a marked ſtump, about fifty links ſoutherly of Jacob Ouderkerk's houſe, and runs from thence ſouth ſeventy-five degrees, weſt one hundred and eighty-five chains, then north eight degrees, weſt thirty-four chains, then north ſeventy five degrees eaſt, to the ſaid river, then ſoutherly up along the ſaid river, to the place where it begun; and contains five hundred and forty-four acres.

Lot number thirty-five, lying on the north ſide of Hoſick River, below a place called Tajagſock, and begins at a marked tree ſtanding on the edge of a hill near the river, in the ſouth weſt corner of lot number twenty-ſeven, and runs north ſixteen degrees, eaſt one hundred and fifty-five chains, then ſouth eighty-one degrees weſt, ſixty-ſeven chains, then ſouth ſeventeen degrees weſt, two hundred and one chains to the ſaid river, then eaſterly up along the ſaid river, to near a run of water, where the hill comes near the river, then along the edge of the ſaid hill to the place where it firſt begun; and contains one thouſand two hundred and forty-eight acres.

Lot number thirty-ſeven, lying on the north ſide of Hoſick River, and begins on the bank of the ſaid river, by a marked tree ſtanding in the ſouth weſt corner of lot number thirty-ſix, and runs north ſeventeen degrees and thirty minutes, eaſt one hundred and ninety-eight chains, then ſouth ſixty-five degrees and thirty minutes, weſt twenty-one chains, then ſouth ſeventy-two degrees, weſt ſixty-four chains and fifty links, then ſouth nineteen degrees weſt to the river, then eaſterly up the ſaid river to the place where it firſt begun; and contains one thouſand and five hundred acres of land.

Lot number forty, lying on the weſt ſide of the Hoſick River, and begins at a marked tree ſtanding on the bank of the ſaid river, in the ſouth eaſt corner of lot number forty-one, and runs north twenty degrees, eaſt two hundred and ten chains, then north ſixty-ſix degrees and thirty minutes, eaſt one hundred and ſixteen chains, then north ſeventy-two degrees, eaſt forty-nine chains, then ſouth twenty degrees weſt to the river, then weſterly down along the ſaid river, to the place where it firſt begun; and contains two thouſand ſix hundred and ſeventy acres of land.

Lot number thirteen beginning at Hoſick Creek, at the ſouth weſt corner of lot number twenty-one, and runs thence along the ſaid lot number twenty-one, north ſeventy ſeven degrees and thirty minutes, eaſt two hundred and twenty chains, thence ſouth forty-ſeven degrees and thirty minutes, eaſt forty-ſeven chains and thirty links, to the northermoſt corner of lot number twelve, thence along ſaid lot number twelve, ſouth ſeventy-ſeven degrees and thirty minutes weſt two hundred chains, to Hoſack Creek, thence northerly along the ſame, the ſeveral courſes thereof to the place of beginning, containing nine hundred and ſeven acres.

Of which ſaid ſeveral lots of land, parcel of the tract of land, ſo granted by letters patent as aforeſaid, I the ſubſcriber am part owner and proprietor; Now therefore, by virtue of a certain act of the lieutenant governor, the council, and general aſſembly of the colony of New-York, paſſed the 8th day of January, in the year of our Lord 1762, entitled, "An act for the more effectual collecting of his Majeſty's quit-rents in the colony of New-York, and for partition of lands in order thereto;" and alſo by virtue of another act of the governor, the council, and general aſſembly of the ſaid colony, entitled, "An act to continue an act entitled an act, for the more effectual collecting of his Majeſty's quit-rents in the colony of New-York, and for partition of lands in order thereto;" and alſo to continue one other act, entitled, "An act to explain part of an act, entitled, an act for the more effectual collecting of his Majeſty's quit-rents in the colony of New-York, and for partition of lands in order thereto," paſſed the 31ſt day of December, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty eight, I do hereby give notice that Volckert P. Douw, and Peter Lanſing of the city of Albany, and John M'Comb of Hoſick, in the county of Albany, Eſqrs. not intereſted in the ſaid lots or parcels of land, are appointed commiſſioners to make partition of the ſaid lots of land, parcel of the above mentioned tract of land, ſo granted by letters patent as aforeſaid. And that they the ſaid commiſſioners will meet on Wedneſday the twenty-fixth day of June next, at the city-hall of the city of Albany, to proceed to the partition of the ſaid lots or parcels of land. And all perſons intereſted therein are hereby required to attend then and there for that purpoſe, either by themſelves or their attornies. Given under my hand, this 27th day of March, in the year of our Lord 1771.

73 84 JOHN SCHUYLER, Jun.

To all Perſons intereſted in the Tract or Parcel of Land laſt herein mentioned.

WHEREAS his late Majeſty King William the third, by letters patent bearing date the ſeventeenth day of June, in the year of our Lord, one thouſand ſix hundred and ninety-ſeven, did give, grant, ratify and confirm, to Adolph Phillipſe, all that certain tract of land in Dutcheſs-County, ſituate, lying and being in the Highlands, on the eaſt ſide of Hudſon's River; beginning at a certain red cedar tree, marked on the north ſide of the Hill, commonly called Anthony's Noſe, which is likewiſe the north bounds of Col. Stephanus Cortlandt's land, or his Manor of Cortland; and from thence bounded by the ſaid Hudſon's River, as the ſaid river runs northerly, until it comes to the Creek, River, or run of water commonly called and known by the name of the Great Fiſh Kill, to the northward, and about the ſaid Highlands, which is likewiſe the ſouthward bounds of another tract of land belonging to the ſaid Col. Stephanus Cortlandt and company, and ſo eaſterly along the ſaid Col. Cortlandt's line, and the ſouth bounds of Col. Henry Beekman, until it comes twenty miles, or unto the diviſion or partition line between our colony of Connecticut, and our ſaid province; and eaſterly by the ſaid diviſion line, being bounded northerly and ſoutherly by the eaſt and weſt lines unto the ſaid diviſion line between our ſaid colony of Connecticut, and this our province aforeſaid; the whole being bounded weſtward by the ſaid Hudſon's River; northward by the lands of Col. Cortand, and company, and the lands of Col. Beekman; and eaſtward by the partition line between our colony of Connecticut, and this our province; and ſoutherly by the Manor of Cortland, to the lands of ſaid Col. Cortland, including therein a certain iſland called Pollepells-Iſland. And whereas alſo, the ſaid tract of land was afterwards divided and laid into lots, by the proprietors thereof; one of which ſaid lots being lot number ſix, is bounded as follows, to wit, beginning at a heap of ſtones and a walnut buſh mark'd P P on the eaſt ſide, and M P on the weſt ſide, in the line of the manor of Cortland, being the ſouth eaſt corner of the lot number five; then north ten degrees eaſt, nine hundred and ſixty chains, to a heap of ſtones by a Spaniſh oak, mark'd M on the weſt, and P on the eaſt ſide, on the north end of a high mountain, being the north corner of lot number five; then north eighty ſeven degrees eaſt, two hundred and thirty nine chains, to a heap of ſtones, and white oak tree mark'd P R, on the weſt ſide of a mountain, twenty chains eaſt from John Campbel's, which is the north weſt corner of lot number ſeven; then ſouth ten degrees weſt, nine hundred and ſeventy three chains, to a hemlock buſh, mark'd P R, the ſouth ſide the eaſt branch of Croton River, in the line of the manor of Cortland, at the ſouth weſt corner of lot number nine; then weſt along the line of the manor of Cortland, two hundred and thirty ſix chains, to the beginning; containing twenty two thouſand ſix hundred and thirty three acres; of which ſaid lot or parcel of land, part of the tract ſo patented and divided as abovementioned, I the ſubſcriber am part owner and proprietor: Now therefore by virtue of a certain act of the lieutenant governor, council, and the general aſſembly of the colony of New-York, paſſed the 8th day of January, in the year of our Lord, 1762, entitled, "An act for the more effectual collecting of his Majeſty's quit-rents in the colony of New-York, and for partition of lands in order thereto;" and alſo by virtue of another act of the governor, council and general aſſembly of the ſaid colony, entitled, "An act to continue an act, entitled, An act for the more effectual collecting his Majeſty's quit-rents in the colony of New-York, and for partition of lands in order thereto;" and alſo to continue one other act, entitled, "An act to explain part of an act, entitled, An act for the more effectual collecting his Majeſty's quit-rents in the colony of New-York, and for partition of lands in order thereto;" paſſed the 31ſt December, 1768, I do hereby give notice, that Beverley Robinſon, and Moſs Kent, of Dutcheſs county aforeſaid, Eſqrs. and Thomas Belden, of Norwalk, in Connecticut, Eſq; not intereſted in the ſaid tract of land, lot number ſix, being parcel of the firſt above mentioned tract of land granted as aforeſaid by letters patent, are appointed commiſſioners to make partition of the ſaid parcel of land lot number ſix; and that they the ſaid commiſſioners will meet on Saturday the ſixteenth day of June next, at the dwelling-houſe of John Swin, innholder, at Peck's-Kill, to proceed to the partition of the ſaid land; and all perſons intereſted in the ſaid premiſes, are hereby required to attend then and there for that purpoſe, either by themſelves or their attornies. Given under my hand the fourteenth day of March, in the year of our Lord 1771.

72— ADOLPH PHILIPSE.

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